## TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2023

RALPH OSBORN
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
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BRISTOW, OKLAHOMA 74010-1015

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Porter Porter, Oklahoma Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

### Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund (except as described below), and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Porter, Oklahoma (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements.

Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In my opinion, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of my report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Porter, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions on Business-Type Activities

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the business-type activities of the Town of Porter, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of Town of Porter, Oklahoma, and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audits. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

The Town has adopted the modified cash basis of accounting with one of the modifications being to include capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. I was unable to determine if capital assets reported were accurate. The Town has not maintained a schedule of fixed assets and depreciation schedule. The net effects of the possible variance between reported and actual capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, although not reasonably determined, are presumed to be material. This matter is also discussed in finding 2023-1.

### Emphasis of Matter

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America. My opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Porter's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
  audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose
  of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Porter's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Porter's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

### Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining financial statements - modified cash basis are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Porter, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated May 23, 2024, on my consideration of the Town of Porter 's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Porter 's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ralph Osborn

Ralph Orliver

Certified Public Accountant Bristow, Oklahoma May 23, 2024

### TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government				
	Business				
	Governmental Type				
	Activities Activities Total				
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 370,693 \$ 954,273 \$ 1,324,966				
Interfund receivables					
Prepaid expense	<u>3,880</u> <u>3,057</u> <u>6,937</u>				
Total current assets	<u>374,573</u> <u>957,330</u> <u>1,331,903</u>				
Non-current assets:					
Capital assets					
Land	- 97,798 97,798				
Plant in service	- 3,099,372 3,099,372				
Accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>				
Total non-current assets	1,453,2021,453,202				
Total assets	<u> 374,573                                    </u>				
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Utility deposits	- 53,337 53,337				
Lease payable, current portion					
Notes payable, current portion					
Total current liabilities	74,103 74,103				
Non-current liabilities:					
Lease payable, non-current portion					
Notes payable, non-current portion	399,746 399,746				
Total non-current liabilities	399,746 399,746				
Total liabilities	473,849473,849				
NET POSITION					
Capital Assets, net of related debt	- 1,032,690 1,032,690				
Reserved for meter deposits	- 53,337 53,337				
Unrestricted	<u>374,573</u> <u>850,656</u> <u>1,225,229</u>				
Total net position	<u>\$ 374,573</u> <u>\$1,936,683</u> <u>\$ 2,311,256</u>				

## TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Program Revenue				
		Charges	Capital	Net		
		For	Operating Grants and	Grants and	(Expenses)	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Function/Programs						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 333,159	\$ -	\$ 70,539	\$ 49,641	\$ (212,979)	
Public safety	67,017	2,357	-	-	(64,660)	
Street	14,997	-	4,178	-	(10,819)	
Cemetery	852	10,225			9,373	
Total governmental						
activities	416,025	12,582	74,717	49,641	(279,085)	
Business-type activities						
Utility services	580,655	798,209	224,663		442,217	
Total business-type						
activities	580,655	798,209	224,663		442,217	
Total primary government	<u>\$ 996,680</u>	<u>\$810,791</u>	<u>\$ 299,380</u>	<u>\$ 49,641</u>	<u>\$ 163,132</u>	
				ary Government		
			Governmental B		_	
			<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Total	
Changes in net position:						
Net (expense) revenue			<u>\$ (279,085</u> )	\$ 442,217 <b>\$</b>	163,132	
General revenues						
Taxes			045 505			
Sales tax			215,707	-	215,707	
Use tax			50,536	-	50,536	
Tobacco tax			1,478	-	1,478	
Franchise			19,530	-	19,530	
Gasoline tax			1,011	-	1,011	
Sale of surplus property			-	-	-	
Donations			3,747	-	3,747	
Rent			1,945	-	1,945	
Miscellaneous			14,224	-	14,224	
Interest			2,664	6,085	8,749	
Loan forgiveness			-	162,104	162,104	
Insurance proceeds			7,205	-	7,205	
Transfers			30,770	(30,770)		
Total general revenue and	transfers		348,817	137,419	486,236	
Change in net position			69,732	579,636	649,368	
_						
Net position - beginning			304,841	1,357,047	1,661,888	
_						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position - ending

## TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Street	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	<u>-</u>	\$ 106,861 -	\$ 40,516 -	_
Prepaid expense	3,880		<del>_</del>	3,880
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 227,196</u>	<u>\$ 106,861</u>	\$ 40,516	\$ 374,573
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL LIABILITIES				
FUND BALANCES				
Unrestricted	227,196	106,861	40,516	374,573
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	227,196	106,861	40,516	374,573
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 227,196</u>	<u>\$ 106,861</u>	<u>\$ 40,516</u>	

### RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Capital lease obligation payable

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 374,573

### TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

_		٦.	_	
	т	n	_	

	General Fund	Street	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenue				
Sales tax	\$ 191,058	\$ 24,649	\$ -	\$ 215,707
Use tax	50,536	<u>-</u>	_	50,536
Tobacco tax	1,478	_	_	1,478
Alcoholic beverage tax	10,417	_	_	10,417
Motor vehicle tax	<del>-</del>	4,178	_	4,178
Gasoline excise tax	_	1,011	_	1,011
Franchise tax	19,530	<u>-</u>	_	19,530
Fines and forfeits	2,357	-	-	2,357
Intergovernmental	109,763	_	_	109,763
Interest	2,616	_	48	2,664
Rental	_	_	1,945	1,945
Donations	_	_	3,747	3,747
Cemetery	8,125	_	2,100	10,225
Sale of surplus property	<del>-</del>	_	<del>-</del>	_
Miscellaneous	7,528	2,459	4,237	14,224
Insurance proceeds	7,205	<u>-</u>		7,205
Total revenue	410,613	32,297	12,077	454,987
Expenditures Current				
General government	332,253	_	906	333,159
Public safety	67,017	_	-	67,017
Streets	67,017	_ 14,997	_	14,997
	_ _	14,331	852	852
Cemetery			652	652
Total expenditures	399,270	14,997	1,758	416,025
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenue over expenditures	11,343	17,300	10,319	38,962
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer from other funds	31,226		400	31,626
Transfer to other funds	(400)	_	(456)	(856)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	30,826		<u>(56</u> )	30,770
Net change in fund balance	42,169	17,300	10,263	69,732
Fund balances, beginning	185,027	89,561	30,253	304,841
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 227,196</u>	<u>\$ 106,861</u>	<u>\$ 40,516</u>	<u>\$ 374,573</u>

### TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 69,732

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Repayment of lease obligation principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activity.

Repayment of lease purchase

Change in net position

\$ 69,732

## TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Public WorksAuthority
ASSETS	
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Prepaid expense	\$ 954,273 - 3,057
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	957,330
Non-Current Assets Capital Assets Land Plant in service Accumulated depreciation	97,798 3,099,372 <u>(1,743,968</u> )
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	1,453,202
TOTAL ASSETS	2,410,532
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities Utility deposits Lease payable, current Notes payable, current TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	53,337 - 20,766 
Non-Current Liabilities Lease payable, non-current Notes payable, non-current TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	- 399,746 399,746
TOTAL LIABILITIES	473,849
NET POSITION	
Capital assets, net of related debt Reserved for meter deposits Unrestricted	1,032,690 53,337 <u>850,656</u>
Net position of business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,936,683</u>

### TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Public Works Authority
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	
Garbage, sewer, and water sales	\$ 757,633
Charges for taps	20,750
Miscellaneous	<u> 19,826</u>
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	<u>798,209</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and wages	226,044
Worker's compensation insurance	9,782
Materials and supplies	39,195
Gas and oil	10,893
Utilities	67,481
Water purchases	144,423
Legal and accounting	3,365
Miscellaneous	14,000
Equipment operation and maintenance	2,562
Insurance	3,503
Telephone and postage	9,092
Travel and schools	-
Depreciation	46,719
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	577,059
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	221,150
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	6,085
Interest expense	(3,596)
Grant income	224,663
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE	
(EXPENSES)	227,152
Income Before Transfers	448,302
Transfer from other funds	_
Transfer to other funds	(30,770)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	(30,770)
Net income (loss) before extraordinary items	417,532
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS	
Loan forgiveness	162,104
Change in Net Position	529,636
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	1,357,047
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 1,936,683</u>

## TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	
	Public Works
	Authority
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 798,209
Cash payments to employees	(226,044)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(300,650)
Net cash provided (Used) by	
operating activities	271,515
Cash flows from non-capital	
financing activities	
Change in due to other funds	23,986
Transfers, net	(30,770)
,	(30,110)
Net cash provided by non-capital	16 704
financing activities	(6,784)
Cash flows from capital and	
related financing activities	
Acquisition of fixed assets	(629,351)
Loan forgiveness	162,104
Loan proceeds	385,608
Grant Income	224,663
Principal paid on lease payable	(5,076)
Interest paid on lease payable and fiscal fees	(95)
Principal paid on notes payable	(8,937)
Interest paid on notes payable and fiscal fees	(3,501)
Net cash used for capital and	
related financing activities	125,415
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest Revenue	6,085
Net cash provided by	
investing activities	6,085
investing decivities	
Net increase/(decrease) in	
cash and cash equivalents	396,231
cash and cash equivalents	390,231
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	558,042
cash and cash equivalents, beginning	330,042
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 954,273
outh and outh oquivarence, charing	<del>4 301/2/3</del>
Reconciliation of operating income	
(loss) to net cash provided by	
(Used) by operating activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 221,150
Adjustments to reconcile	φ 221,130
<del>-</del>	
operating income to net cash:	46 710
Depreciation Washington activities	46,719
Used by operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase/(decrease)in prepaid	529
Increase/(decrease)in utility deposits	<u>3,117</u>
	A 051 515
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 271,515</u>

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Porter, Oklahoma, was incorporated under the provisions of the laws of the State of Oklahoma. The Town operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, street and alley, cemetery, and public works. The basic financial statements include the departments, agencies, and other organizational units over which the Board of Trustees exercise oversight responsibility. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 39. Based on the criteria the Porter Public Works Authority (the Authority) are the only component units. The definition of the financial reporting entity is primarily based on the concept of financial accountability. financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the Town), and activities for which the primary government is financially accountable, and the activities of the Authority. Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organizations governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide a specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities to include in the Town's financial statements.

### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and Town general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A functional program is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these programs uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item B below. This is a change from the prior years.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial, or non-financial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements of proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

### FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Debt Service Funds - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the Town other than debt service payments made by the enterprise funds.

Proprietary Funds - The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Porter Public Works - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on the net income measurements similar to the private sector. The reporting entity included the Porter Public Works Authority.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes two agency funds, a Meter Deposit Fund and Court Bond Fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do no involve the measurement of results of operations.

Major and Non-Major funds

Major funds:

General

Proprietary fund - Porter Public Works Authority

Non-Major funds:

Street and alley Cemetery Donation Cemetery Fundraiser Cemetery Land Debt Service Rainy Day

### Budgetary Accounting and Control

A proposed budget is presented to the Town's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees holds a public hearing and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriation but may not change form of the budget. Any changes to the budget must be within the revenues and reserve estimated as available by the Town's management or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of the majority of the Town's Board of Trustees.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

#### Investments

The Town follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires marketable securities to be carried at fair value. The Town considers highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of Certificates of Deposits.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are cancelled under the modified cash basis. The encumbrance is added to the subsequent year expenses when paid.

### Inventories and Prepaids

The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2023 is insignificant; purchases of inventory items are treated as expenditures.

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepaids are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the asset's estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset follows. In the government-wide financial statements, all machinery, equipment, furniture and automobiles costing \$500 or more have been capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life. Repairs, remodeling and construction costing \$1,500 or more ave been capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follow:

Utility system	10-40
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5

### Compensated Absences

The Town's policies regarding vacation time permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The Town does not record a liability for accrued compensated absences. The amount paid for compensated absences is expensed as paid.

### Reserves and Designations

Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not available for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Town, and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Town. The Town's policy requires that all deposits and investments in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the deposits or investments. As of June 30, 2023, not all of the Town's deposits and investments were either covered by federal deposit insurance or were fully collateralized.

### <u>Deposits</u>

The Town had deposits at financial institutions with a carrying amount of approximately \$1,324,966 at June 30, 2023. The bank balance of the deposits at June 30, 2023 was approximately \$1,339,031.

### Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. However, the Town did not have fixed income securities at June 30, 2023.

### <u>Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board of Trustees monitor's the investment performance on an ongoing basis to limit the Town's interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's deposits consisted of demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity of 12 months or less.

### NOTE C - SALES TAX REVENUE

The Town presently levies a four-cent sales tax (on the dollar) on taxable sales within the Town. Three and one half cents of the sales tax is recorded in the General Fund and on half cent is recorded in the Street and Alley Fund.

### NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

	CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATED					
Business-type activities	Beginning	Additions	Retirement	Ending		
Land	\$ 97,798	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 97,798		
Plant and equipment	2,470,021	629,351		3,099,372		
Total	2,567,819	629,351		3,197,170		
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,697,249)	(46,719)	_	(1,743,968)		
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	<u>\$870,570</u>	<u>\$ 582,632</u>	<del>\$</del> -	\$ 1,453,202		

#### DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Public Works Authority

\$ 46,719

### NOTE E - CAPITAL LEASES

The Town has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The lease contains a clause which gives the Town the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year. The lease was paid in full during the 2023 fiscal year.

Capital lease transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Payable at July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2023	
Welch State Bank	<u>\$ 5,076</u>	\$ -	\$ 5,076	<u>\$</u> –	
Total	\$ 5,076	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 5,076</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

### NOTE F - NOTES PAYABLE PROPRIETARY FUND

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2023:

,	Pay	yable at					Ва	lance at
	July 1, 2022		Additions		Retirements		June	<b>≥ 30, 2023</b>
Patrick or Janelle Boyd	\$	43,841	\$	_	\$	8,937	\$	34,904
OWRB				385,608				385,608
Total	\$	43,841	\$	385,608	\$	8,937	\$	420,512

A brief description of the outstanding notes payable at June 30, 2023 is set forth below:

Outstanding	Amount	
Patrick or Janelle Boyd loan dated November 29, 2016, original loan amount of \$85,000, interest rate 6.00%, payable in monthly installments of \$943.67.	\$ 34,904	
Oklahoma Water Resource Board original loan amount of \$787,480, set to be forgiven by OWRB in the amount of \$296,870.		
As of June 30, 2023, \$682,478 has been drawn down.	<u>385,608</u>	
Total	\$ 420,512	

The annual principal payments due over the next five years and thereafter are as follows. Actual debt service requirements will vary depending on the variable interest rate in effect at the time of payment.

Year ending June 30	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>	
2024	\$	20,766 \$	8,937	\$	29,703	
2025		21,657	12,749		34,406	
2026		22,559	11,847		34,406	
2027		16,802	10,999		27,801	
2028		12,419	10,663		23,082	
2029-2033		66,893	48,517		115,410	
2034-2038		75,420	39,990		115,410	
2039-2043		85,034	30,376		115,410	
2044-2048		95,865	19,545		115,410	
2049-2053		3,097	7,311		10,408	
Total	\$	420,512 \$	200,934	\$	621,446	

The Authority paid interest of \$3,501 on long-term debt during the year.

### NOTE G - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town and Authority have not reported an amount for accrued compensated absences. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, payments for vacation and sick leave are expensed as paid.

### NOTE H- PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The Town does not offer any retirement plan or early retirement incentive.

### Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System

Town of Porter participates in this statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer benefit plan on behalf of firefighters. The system is administered by an agency of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

	Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System
Eligibility to Participate	All full-time or voluntary Firefighters of a participating Municipality hired before age 45
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions	State Statute
Plan members' contribution rate	8% of covered payroll
Town's contribution rate	13% of covered payroll/\$60 per volunteer
Period required to vest Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full time)	10 years 20 years credited service, 2 1/2% of final Average salary multiplied by the years of Credited service with a maximum of 30 yrs Considered; If vested at or after age 50 Or after 10 but before 20 years of Credited service with reduced benefits.
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full time)	20 years credited service, 2 1/2% of final Average salary multiplied by the years of Credited service with a maximum of 30 yrs Considered; If vested at or after age 50 Or after 10 but before 20 years of Credited service with reduced benefits.
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (Volunteer)	20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service With a maximum of 30 Years considered
Deferred retirement option	Yes, 20 years credited service with Continued service for 30 or more years

Provisions for:

Cost of living adjustments		
(normal retirement)	Yes	Yes, if vested by 5/83
Death (duty, non-duty,		
post-retirement)	Yes	Yes
Disability	Yes	Yes
Cost of living allowances	Yes	Yes

Contributions required by State Statue:

· •	Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System				
Fiscal	Required	Required			
Year End	Contribu	Contribution			
June 30, 2023	\$	840	100%		
June 30, 2022		840	100%		
June 30, 2021		960	100%		

#### NOTE I - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for risk of loss, including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### NOTE J - FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of the funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

### NOTE K - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has evaluated subsequent events and contingencies through May 23, 2024, the date which financial statements were available. The Porter Public Works Authority approved a loan resolution security agreement authorizing and providing for the incurrence of indebtedness in the principal amount of \$787,480 and accepting the terms of a grant in the amount of \$296,870 from the Oklahoma Water Resource Board. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority has drawn down \$682,478. The remaining balance of \$105,002 was drawn down subsequent to the end of the 2023 fiscal year. The Town believes there are no other items to disclose.

# TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS		metery nation	etery <u>Iraiser</u>	Cemetery <u>Land</u>	<u>Fairgrounds</u>	Sinking	Rainy Day	Total Non-major Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	5,912	\$ 1,273	\$ 15,348	\$ 2,580	\$ 750 	\$ 14,653 —	\$ 40,516 
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,912	\$ 1,273	<u>\$ 15,348</u>	\$ 2,580	<u>\$ 750</u>	<u>\$ 14,653</u>	<u>\$ 40,516</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
FUND BALANCES								
Unrestricted, reported in nonma	ior							
special revenue funds	\$	5,912	\$ 1,273	\$ 15,348	\$ 2,580	<u>\$ 750</u>	\$ 14,653	\$ 40,516
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,912	1,273	15,348	2,580	<u>750</u>	14,653	40,516
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	5,912	\$ 1,273	<u>\$ 15,348</u>	\$ 2,580	<u>\$ 750</u>	<u>\$ 14,653</u>	\$ 40,516

### TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				50, 1015			Total
	Cemetery	Cemetery	Cemetery			Rainy	Non-major
	Donation	Fundraiser	-	Fairgrounds	Sinking	Day	Funds
REVENUES							
Donations	3,747	_	_	_	_	_	\$ 3,747
Lot sales	<u>-</u>	_	2,100	_	_	_	2,100
Opening/closing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rental	_	_	_	1,945	_	_	1,945
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	48	48
Sale of surplus property	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Miscellaneous						4,237	4,237
TOTAL REVENUES	3,747		2,100	1,945		4,285	12,077
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	_	_	_	906	_	_	906
Cemetery	852	_	_	_	_	_	852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	852			906			1,758
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	2,895	<del>_</del>	2,100	1,039		4,285	10,319
Other financing sources(use:	s)						
Transfers from other fund		_	_	400	_	_	400
Transfer to other funds	_	_	_	_	_	(456)	(456)
Net other financing						,	
sources(uses)		<del>_</del>		400		(456)	(56)
Net change in fund balance	2,895	-	2,100	1,439	-	3,829	10,263
Fund balances, beginning	3,017	1,273	13,248	1,141	750	10,824	30,253
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,912	\$ 1,273	\$ 15,348			\$ 14,653	\$ 40,516

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Porter Porter, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Porter, Oklahoma, modified cash basis, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Porter's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated May 23, 2024.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Town of Porter, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Porter, Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Town of Porter, Oklahoma's internal control.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Porter, Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-1 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We did not consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Porter, Oklahoma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-1.

### Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Ragel Orlow

Bristow, Oklahoma

May 23, 2024

### TOWN OF PORTER, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2023

2023-1 Capitalization and Depreciation

 $\underline{\mathtt{Statement}}$  of  $\underline{\mathtt{Condition}}$  - The Town has not maintained an accurate record of assets.

<u>Criteria</u> - The Town has adopted the modified cash basis of accounting with one of the modifications being to include capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. The Town does not have an updated list of capital assets in order to determine if assets may be missing from the governmental funds.

<u>Cause/Effect of Condition</u> - The Town is under reporting assets due to assets that have been purchased or retired and may not have been added or removed from the capital asset schedule for governmental funds.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The Town should work with management to adjust their capital asset and depreciation schedules and the respective financial statement accounts for any changes in capital assets and for accumulated depreciation.